# DIAMOND SPRINGS/ EL DORADO FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

# ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2022



## TABLE OF CONTENTS

PAGE
------

Independent Auditors' Report	1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis - Required Supplementary Information (unaudited)	3-6
Basic Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	7
Statement of Activities	8
Governmental Fund Balance Sheets	9
Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund – Balance Sheets with the Governmental Activities Statement of Net Position	10
Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	11
Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances with the Governmental Activities Statement of Activities	12
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	13-28
Required Supplemental Information (Unaudited)	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual – General Fund	29
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	30
Schedule of Contributions	31
Schedule of Change in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Rations	32
Schedule of Contributions – OPEB	33



## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Diamond Springs/El Dorado Fire Protection District Diamond Springs, California

## **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Diamond Springs/El Dorado Fire Protection District and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Diamond Springs/El Dorado Fire Protection District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Diamond Springs/El Dorado Fire Protection District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Diamond Springs/El Dorado Fire Protection District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Diamond Springs/El Dorado Fire Protection District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Diamond Springs/El Dorado Fire Protection District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Diamond Springs/El Dorado Fire Protection District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

## **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, which follows this report letter, and the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund, the Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - Miscellaneous and Safety, the Schedule of District's Contributions - Miscellaneous and Safety, the Schedule of District's Contributions - OPEB, and the Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, (pages 29-33), listed as required supplementary information in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

O Connor & Company

O'Connor & Company

Novato, California August 8, 2023 This section of Diamond Springs/El Dorado Fire Protection District's (the District's) basic financial statements presents management's overview and analysis of the financial activities of the organization for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage the reader to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the basic financial statements as a whole.

## Introduction to the Basic Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's audited financial statements, which are comprised of the basic financial statements. This annual report is prepared in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for States and Local Governments*. The Single Governmental Program for Special Purpose Governments reporting model is used which best represents the activities of the District.

The required financial statements include the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements; Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet; Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances; and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - All Governmental Fund Types.

These statements are supported by notes to the basic financial statements. All sections must be considered together to obtain a complete understanding of the financial picture of the District.

## The Basic Financial Statements

The Basic Financial Statements comprise the Government-wide Financial Statements and the Fund Financial Statements; these two sets of financial statements provide two different views of the District's financial activities and financial position.

The Government-wide Financial Statements provide a longer-term view of the District's activities as a whole and comprise the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The Statement of Net Position provides information about the financial position of the District as a whole, including all of its capital assets and long-term liabilities on the full accrual basis, similar to that used by corporations. The Statement of Activities provides information about all of the District's revenues and all of its expenses, also on the full accrual basis, with the emphasis on measuring net revenues or expenses of the District's programs. The Statement of Activities explains in detail the change in Net Position for the year.

All of the District's activities are grouped into Government Activities, as explained below.

The Fund Financial Statements report the District's operations in more detail than the Government-wide statements and focus primarily on the short-term activities of the District's General Fund and other Major Funds. The Fund Financial Statements measure only current revenues and expenditures and fund balances; they exclude capital assets, long-term debt and other long-term amounts.

Major Funds account for the major financial activities of the District and are presented individually.

## The Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements are prepared on the accrual basis, which means they measure the flow of all economic resources of the District as a whole.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present information about the following:

#### **Governmental Activities**

The District's basic services are considered to be governmental activities. These services are supported by general District revenues such as taxes, and by specific program revenues such as benefit assessments and service charges.

#### Diamond Springs/El Dorado Fire Protection District <u>MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS</u> June 30, 2022

## Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements provide detailed information about each of the District's most significant funds, called Major Funds. The concept of Major Funds, and the determination of which are Major Funds, was established by GASB Statement No. 34 and replaces the concept of combining like funds and presenting them in total. Instead, each Major Fund is presented individually. Major Funds present the major activities of the District for the year, and may change from year to year as a result of changes in the pattern of the District's activities.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis, which means they measure only current financial resources and uses. Capital assets and other long-lived assets, along with long-term liabilities, are not presented in the Governmental Fund Financial Statements.

Comparisons of Budget and Actual financial information are presented for the General Fund.

#### Analyses of Major Funds

#### Governmental Funds

General Fund revenues decreased \$583,137 this fiscal year due primarily to a decrease in strike team funding from other governmental agencies. The actual general fund revenues received were \$92,772 more than estimated.

General Fund expenditures were \$11,647,279, an increase of \$5,564,954 from the prior year due to the additional CalPERS pension contribution funded from the issuance of Taxable Revenue Obligations. Expenditures were \$5,809,916 greater than budgeted.

#### **Governmental Activities**

Table 1 Governmental Net Position			
	Governmen	ital Ac	tivities
	 2022		2021
Current and other assets	\$ 4,498,645	\$	3,846,463
Non-depreciable capital assets	133,300		133,300
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	 616,439		689,523
Total assets	 5,248,384		4,669,286
Deferred outflows of resources	 9,913,173		2,620,977
Other liabilities	239,873		233,306
Long-term debt outstanding	 16,814,649		<u>13,842,786</u>
Total liabilities	 17,054,522		14,076,092
Deferred inflows of resources	 4,618,817		928,806
Net position:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	749,739		822,823
Restricted	3,218,113		2,897,982
Unrestricted	 (10,479,634)		(11,435,440)
Total net position	\$ (6,511,782)	<u>\$</u>	(7,714,635)

The District's governmental net position amounted to \$(6,511,782) as of June 30, 2022. The District's net position as of June 30, 2022 comprised the following:

• Cash and other assets of \$4,404,466. These amounts were held in the El Dorado County Investment pool and restricted amounts in the OPEB investment trust, as detailed in Note 2 of the basic financial statements.

- Capital assets of \$749,739 net of depreciation charges, which includes all the District's capital assets used in governmental activities.
- Current liabilities, including accounts payable, claims and other amounts due currently, total \$239,873.
- Long-term (noncurrent) accrued compensated absence liabilities payable to employees of \$140,412, other post-employment benefits of \$5,367,800 and net pension liability of \$4,994,361. Taxable revenue obligations of \$6,312,076.
- Net investment in capital assets, of \$749,739 representing the District's investment in capital assets used in Governmental Activities, net of amounts borrowed to finance that investment.
- Restricted net position is restricted for OPEB Trust Benefits and fire prevention and protection programs in the amount of \$3,218,113.
- Unrestricted net position, the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants or other legal requirements or restrictions. The District has (\$10,479,634) of unrestricted net position as of June 30, 2022.

The Statement of Activities presents program revenues and expenses and general revenues in detail. All of these are elements in the Changes in Governmental Net Position summarized below.

Table 2
Changes in Governmental Net Position

	Governr	nental Activities
	2022	2021
<b>Revenues</b> Program revenues: Charges for services	\$ 68,90	2 \$ 83,909
General revenues: Property taxes Intergovernmental reimbursements Miscellaneous Total revenues	4,334,75 1,535,70 143,80 6,083,16	2 2,096,209 6 433,456
<b>Program Expenses</b> Public safety - fire protection Total expenses	<u>4,880,30</u> 4,880,30	
Change in Net Position	<u>\$ 1,202,85</u>	<u>3 \$ (60,237</u> )

As Table 2 above shows, \$6,014,260 or 99%, of the District's fiscal year 2022 governmental revenue came from general revenues such as taxes and interest. Program revenues represent charges for services equal to less than 1% of the District's total revenue.

General revenues are not allocable to programs. General revenues are used to pay for the net cost of governmental programs.

#### **Capital Assets**

Details on capital assets, current year additions and construction in progress can be found in Note 4.

## **Debt Administration**

The District issued \$6,312,076 of Taxable Revenue Obligations during the fiscal year which were used to make an additional pension contribution to reduce the related net pension liability.

## Economic Outlook and Major Initiatives

The District's financial position continues to be adequate. Financial planning is based on specific assumptions from recent trends in real property values, new residential development, State of California economic forecasts and historical growth patterns in the various communities served by the District.

The economic condition of the District as it appears on the balance sheet reflects financial stability and the potential for organizational growth. The District will continue to maintain a watchful eye over expenditures and remain committed to sound fiscal management practices to deliver the highest quality service to the citizens of the area.

## **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

These basic financial statements are intended to provide citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances. Questions about this report should be directed to 501 Main Street, Diamond Springs, CA 95619.

## Diamond Springs/El Dorado Fire Protection District <u>STATEMENT OF NET POSITION</u> June 30, 2022

ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$	2,218,805
OPEB Trust restricted cash and investments	•	2,185,661
Accounts receivable		94,179
Non-depreciable capital assets		133,300
Depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		616,439
Total assets		5,248,384
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS Deferred outflows related to pensions		8,692,752
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		1,220,421
Total Deferred outflows		9,913,173
		0,010,110
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		56,803
Accrued expenditures		183,070
Long-term liabilities:		
Due in more than one year		6,312,076
Other post-employment benefits		5,367,800
Compensated absences		140,412
Net pension liability		4,994,361
Total liabilities		17,054,522
DEFERRED INFLOWS		0 407 740
Deferred inflows related to pensions		3,427,746
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		1,191,071
Total Deferred inflows		4,618,817
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		749,739
Restricted		3,218,113
Unrestricted		(10,479,634)
Total net position	\$	(6,511,782)

## Diamond Springs/El Dorado Fire Protection District <u>STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES</u> For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

					t (Expense) venue and
			Program	Cha	inges in Net
			Revenues		Position
	_		Charges for		Total vernmental
Functions/Programs	Expe	nditures	Services		Activities
Governmental activities: Public safety - fire prevention and protection		4,880,309	<u>\$ 68,902</u>	\$	(4,811,407)
Total governmental activities	\$	4,880,309	\$ 68,902		(4,811,407)
General revenues:					
Property taxes					4,334,752
Intergovernmental reimbursements					1,535,702
Miscellaneous					143,806
Total general revenues					6,014,260
Change in net position					1,202,853
Net position, beginning of period					(7,714,635)
Net position, end of period				\$	(6,511,782)

## Diamond Springs/El Dorado Fire Protection District GOVERNMENTAL FUND <u>BALANCE SHEETS</u> June 30, 2022

<u>ASSETS</u>	Ge	eneral Fund	velopment ee Fund	etiree th Fund	С	lon-Major ommunity lities District Fund		Totals
Cash and investments	\$	1,186,353	\$ 542,828	\$ 42	\$	489,582	\$	2,218,805
Prepaid expenses		94,179	-	-		-		94,179
OPEB Trust restricted cash and investments		2,185,661	 -	 -		-	_	2,185,661
Total assets	\$	3,466,193	\$ 542,828	\$ 42	\$	489,582	\$	4,498,645
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	56,803	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	56,803
Accrued expenditures		183,070	 -	 -		-		183,070
Total liabilities		239,873	 	 -				239,873
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		94,179						94,179
Restricted		2,185,661	542,828	42		489,582		3,218,113
Unassigned		946,480	 -	 -		-		946,480
Total fund balances		3,226,320	 542,828	 42		489,582		4,258,772
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,466,193	\$ 542,828	\$ 42	\$	489,582	\$	4,498,645

Diamond Springs/El Dorado Fire Protection District Reconciliation of the <u>GOVERNMENTAL FUND - BALANCE SHEETS</u> with the Governmental Activities <u>STATEMENT OF NET POSITION</u> For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

TOTAL FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUND	\$ 4,258,772
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different from those reported in the Governmental Fund above because of the following:	
CAPITAL ASSETS Capital Assets used in Governmental Activities are not current assets or financial resources and therefore are not reported in the Governmental Fund.	749,739
LONG-TERM ASSETS AND LIABILITIES The assets and liabilities below are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the Funds:	
Other post-employment benefits Non-current portion of compensated absences Long-term debt Deferred inflows pension Deferred outflows OPEB Deferred outflows OPEB Net pension liability	 (5,367,800) (140,412) (6,312,076) (3,427,746) (1,191,071) 8,692,752 1,220,421 (4,994,361)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ (6,511,782)

## Diamond Springs/El Dorado Fire Protection District GOVERNMENTAL FUND <u>STATEMENT OF REVENUES.</u> EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Revenues:	General Fund	Development Fee Fund	Retiree Health Fund	Non-Major Community Facilities Dis. Fund	Totals
Property taxes	\$ 4,263,63	1 \$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,263,631
Charges for services	68,902		-	-	68,902
Other governmental agencies	1,535,702	- 2	-	-	1,535,702
Special Tax - CFD	-	-	-	71,121	71,121
Use of money	30,65 <sup>2</sup>	- 1	-	1,875	32,526
Miscellaneous	31,249	78,748	-	1,283	111,280
Total revenues	5,930,135	5 78,748		74,279	6,083,162
Expenditures:					
Public safety - fire prevention and protection	11,647,279	766	-	-	11,648,045
Total expenditures	11,647,279	766	-		11,648,045
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(5,717,144	4)77,982		74,279	(5,564,883)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Cost of issuance	(101,578	3) -	-	-	(101,578)
Debt proceeds	6,312,076	<u> </u>	-		6,312,076
Total other Financing Sources (Uses)	6,210,498	<u> </u>			6,210,498
Net change in fund balance	493,354	1 77,982	-	74,279	645,615
Fund balances, beginning of period	2,732,966	,	42	415,303	3,613,157
Fund balances, end of period	\$ 3,226,320		\$ 42	\$ 489,582	\$ 4,258,772

## Diamond Springs/El Dorado Fire Protection District Reconciliation of the <u>GOVERNMENTAL FUND - STATEMENT OF REVENUES,</u> <u>EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES</u> with the Governmental Activities <u>STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES</u> For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUND	\$ 645,615
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:	
CAPITAL ASSETS TRANSACTIONS Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
The capital outlay expenditures are therefore added back to fund balance	79,727
Depreciation expense is deducted from the fund balance	(152,811)
Government funds record pension expense as it is paid. However, in the Statement of Activities those costs are reversed as deferred outflows/(inflows) and an increase/(decrease) in net pension liability.	6,864,997
<u>Long-Term Debt Proceeds and Payment</u> Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but in the Statement of Net Position the repayment reduces long-term liabilities:	
Debt proceeds	(6,312,076)
ACCRUAL OF NON-CURRENT ITEMS The amounts below included in the Statement of Activities do not provide (or require) the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds (net change):	
Other post-employment benefits	67,938
Long-term compensated absences	 9,463
Changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,202,853

#### NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND HISTORY

The Diamond Springs/El Dorado Fire Protection District (the District) is a legal subdivision of California, organized by an El Dorado County Board of Supervisors Resolution approving the District's consolidation between the Diamond Springs Fire Protection District and the El Dorado Fire Protection District to provide fire protection services. The District's power is exercised through an elected Board of Directors composed of five members.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. <u>Accounting Principles</u>

The District accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures recommended by the State of California. The accounting policies of the District conform to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

#### B. Basis of Presentation

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except fiduciary activities, if any.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues of each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include 1) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

When both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available, unrestricted resources are used only after restricted resources are depleted.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Each fund was established for the purpose of accounting for specific activities in accordance with applicable regulations, restrictions, or limitations. Separate financial statements are provided for each governmental fund. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds, if any, are separately aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds in a single column, regardless of their fund type. Major funds are those that have assets, liabilities, revenue, or expenditures equal to ten percent of their fund-type total. The General Fund is always a major fund. The District may also select other funds it believes should be presented as major funds.

## NOTE 2 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (continued)

#### B. <u>Basis of Presentation</u> (concluded)

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> is used to account for all revenues and expenditures necessary to carry out basic governmental activities of the District that are not accounted for through other funds. For the District, the General Fund includes such activities as general government and fire protection.

<u>The Development Fee Fund</u> is used to account for all revenues and expenditures necessary to carry out costs associated for new development.

<u>Retiree Health Fund</u> is used to account for all revenues and expenditures related to retiree post employment health benefits.

The other Governmental Fund is comprised of a non-major fund that includes funds reserved for the community facilities district.

#### C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. The basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District does not give (or receive) equal value in exchange, include property and sales taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligible requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims, and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital assets acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The District may fund programs with a combination of cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, both restricted and unrestricted net position may be available to finance program expenditures. The District's policy is to first apply restricted grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues if necessary.

#### D. Non-Current Governmental Assets/Liabilities

GASB Statement No. 34 eliminates the presentation of account groups, but provides for these records to be maintained and incorporates the information into the Governmental Activities column in the government-wide statement of net position.

#### NOTE 2 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (continued)

#### E. Cash and Investments

The District has instructed the County of El Dorado (the County) to invest excess funds on deposit in their overall pooling of investment. The District's interest is then allocated according to the average cash balance in the County Treasury based upon the overall investments of the County.

The County maintains written investment policies which address a wide variety of investment practices, including primary investment objectives, investment authority, allowable investment vehicles, investment maturity terms, eligible financial institutions, capital preservation, and cash flow management. The County has not adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools.

All cash deposits at the County conform to the California Government Code Section 53646 and are fully collateralized by governmental securities pledged for the purpose of Public Deposit Collateral. Credit risk information regarding the cash held by the Treasurer is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the County.

Cash and investments consisted of the following as of June 30, 2022:

	Carrying	Investment
	Value	Risk
County Treasury pooled cash and investments	\$ 2,218,806	AA
California Retirees Benefit Trust - Restricted	2,185,661	
Total cash and investments	<u>\$ 4,404,466</u>	

#### Fair Value Measurements

GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurements and Application*, establishes a fair value hierarchy consisting of three broad levels: Level 1 inputs consist of quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets and liabilities in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date, Level 2 inputs consist of inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, that can include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active or inactive markets, or market-corroborated inputs, and Level 3 inputs have the lowest priority and consist of unobservable inputs for an asset or liability. The valuation method used for rental properties is the Leased Fee Market method, which is dependent on the income generated from the rental properties.

The District did not have any investments subject to the recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2022.

## F. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost, or at estimated historical cost, if actual historical cost is not available. Contributed fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date contributed. The District defines building and improvements as purchases or improvements with an aggregate cost of more than \$10,000. Capital equipment consists of purchased equipment with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,500 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and improvements	5-20 Years
Equipment	3-20 Years

## NOTE 2 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (continued)

## G. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

The District's policy allows employees to accumulate earned, but unused vacation, which will be paid to employees upon separation from the District's service. Even though the District does not pay out amounts for unused sick leave at termination, it will allow certain amounts as a credit to CaIPERS (State of California Public Employees' Retirement System) upon retirement.

#### Governmental Funds

Due to the fact that vacation balances do not require the use of financial resources, no liability is recorded within the governmental funds. However, this liability is reflected in the government-wide statement of net position. The District's compensated absences balance was \$140,412 as of June 30, 2022.

## H. Interfund Transactions

Following is a description of a basic type of interfund transaction made during the year and the related accounting policies:

Reimbursements (expenditure transfer) - Transactions to reimburse a fund for specific expenditures incurred for the benefit of another fund. These transactions are recorded as expenditures in the disbursing fund and as revenue in the receiving fund.

## I. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates and the differences may be material.

#### J. Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The District annually adopts a budget for its general fund to be effective July 1 for the ensuing fiscal year. The District's Board may amend the budget by resolution during the fiscal year and approves all budgetary transfers. The General Fund expenditures exceeded appropriations by \$5,809,916 during the current fiscal year.

#### K. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*, and GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, the District recognizes deferred outflows and inflows of resources.

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. A deferred outflow of resources is defined as a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. A deferred inflow of resources is defined as an acquisition of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period.

#### NOTE 2 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (concluded)

#### L. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### NOTE 3 - TAXES LEVIED AND SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS

All property taxes are collected and allocated by El Dorado County to the various taxing entities. Property taxes are determined annually as of January 1 and attached as an enforceable lien on real property as of July 1. Taxes are due November 1 and February 1 and are delinquent if not paid by December 10 and April 10, respectively. The District participates in the County "Teeter Plan" method of property tax distribution. Under the Teeter Plan, the County remits property taxes to the District based on assessments, not on collections, according to the following schedule: 55 percent in December, 40 percent in April, and 5 percent at the end of the fiscal year. Property tax is recognized when it is available and measurable. The District considers property tax available if it is received within 60 days after fiscal year end.

#### NOTE 4 - SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the budgetary funds at the time of purchase. Such assets have been capitalized at cost in the general fixed assets group of accounts rather than in the governmental fund. Depreciation expense for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022 was \$152,811.

		Balance 6/30/21	Ac	quisitions	eletions/ justments	Balance 6/30/22
Land (not depreciated)	\$	133,300	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 133,300
Buildings and improvements		852,595		79,727	(31,589)	963,910
Equipment		4,375,887			 31,589	 4,344,298
Subtotal		5,361,782		79,727	-	5,441,509
Accumulated depreciation	(	4, <u>538,959</u> )		<u>(185,447</u> )	 <u>(32,636</u> )	 <u>(4,691,770</u> )
Net capital assets	\$	822,823	\$	<u>(105,720</u> )	\$ <u>(32,636</u> )	\$ 749,739

#### NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of debt transactions for the year ended June 30, 2022:

#### General Obligation Bonds, Series A

On June 28, 2022, the District issued \$6,312,076 of taxable revenue obligations. The debt was issued for the purpose of prepaying CalPERS pension contributions to reduce the District's unfunded liability. The debt was issued with a maturity of July 1, 2037, and will carry an interest rate of 4.725%.

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt as of June 30, 2022:

	June 30,			June 30,	
	2021	Additions	Retirements	2022	Current
General Obligation	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 6,312,076</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 6,312,076</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Principal payments on the debt are due July 1 and interest is due on July 1 and January 1 of every year.

## NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (concluded)

Debt service requirements are as follows:

Year Ended June 30	F	Principal		Principal Interest		_	Total
2023	\$	296,362	\$	442,852	\$	739,214	
2024		312,850		276,851		589,702	
2025		327,633		261,720		589,353	
2026		343,113		245,874		588,987	
2027		359,325		229,279		588,604	
2028		376,303		211,900		588,203	
2029		394,084		193,699		587,782	
2030		412,704		174,638		587,343	
2031		432,205		154,677		586,882	
2032		452,626		133,773		586,400	
2033		474,013		111,882		585,895	
2034		496,410		88,956		585,365	
2035		519,865		64,946		584,811	
2036		544,429		39,802		584,231	
2037		<u>570,153</u>		<u>13,470</u>		<u>583,623</u>	
Total	<u>\$</u>	<u>6,312,075</u>	\$	2,644,319	\$	<u>8,956,395</u>	

## NOTE 6 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description: All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the District's following cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans (Plans):

- District Miscellaneous Plan
- District Safety Plan

The Plans are administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and District resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided - CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries.

Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost-of-living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

## NOTE 6 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (continued)

С

The Plan provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2022, are summarized as follows:

	District Miscellaneous		
	Prior to	On or after	
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	2% @ 55	2% @ 62	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	
Retirement age	50 - 55	52 - 67	
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.0% to 2.7%	1.0% to 2.5%	
Required employee contribution rates	8%	6.25%	
Required employer contribution rates	11%	6.25%	
	District	Safety	

	Distric	t Safety	
	Prior to On or after		
	January 1,	January 1, 2013	
Hire date	2013		
Benefit formula	3% @ 50	2.7% @ 57	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	
Retirement age	50 - 55	50 - 57	
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	3%	2.0% to 2.7%	
Required employee contribution rates	9%	11.5%	
Required employer contribution rates	16%	11.15%	

ontributions - Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the contributions recognized as part of pension expense for each Plan were as follows:

	Employer Contributions
Miscellaneous	\$ 366,874
Safety	6,745,956
Total	<u>\$ 7,112,830</u>

As of June 30, 2022, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of the Plans as follows:

	Proportionate Share of Net
	Pension Liability
Miscellaneous	\$ 238,799
Safety	4,755,562
Total Net Pension Liability	<u>\$ 4,994,361</u>

#### NOTE 6 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (continued)

The District's net pension liability for the Plans is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 rolled forward to June 30, 2021 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan as of June 30, 2020 and 2021 was as follows:

District's Miscellaneous Plan	Miscellaneous
Proportion - June 30, 2020	.0099%
Proportion - June 30, 2021	.0013%
Change – Increase (Decrease)	.0027%
District Safety Plan	Safety
Proportion - June 30, 2020	.1139%
Proportion - June 30, 2021	.1355%
Change – Increase (Decrease)	.0216%

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$247,833. On June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Dutflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 7,112,830	\$ -
Differences between actual and expected experience	839,262	-
Changes in assumptions	-	-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings		
on plan investments	-	3,038,931
Change in employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's		
proportionate share of contributions	 740,660	 388,815
Total	\$ 8,692,752	\$ 3,427,746

The \$7,112,830 amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

<u>Year Ended June 30</u>	
2023	(223,814)
2024	(293,370)
2025	(494,126)
2026	(836,514)
Thereafter	-

## NOTE 6 - <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN</u> (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Discount Rate/Rate of Return - 7.15%, net of investment expense Inflation Rate - 2.50% Salary increases - Varies by age and service. COLA Increases – Varies by age and service Mortality Rate Table - Derived using CaIPERS' Membership Data for all Funds (2) Investment Rate of Return – 7.15% (1) Increase - Contract COLA up to 2.5% until purchasing power protection allowance floor on purchasing power applies, 2.5% thereafter.

(1) Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation.

(2) CalPERS developed the mortality table used based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale MP–2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the 2017 experience study report.

Changes of Assumptions – There were no changes of assumptions for measurement date June 30, 2021.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15% for each Plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.15 percent discount rate is adequate, and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long-term expected discount rate of 7.15 percent will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained from the CalPERS website.

CalPERS is scheduled to review all actuarial assumptions as part of its regular Asset Liability Management (ALM) review cycle. Any changes to the discount rate will require Board action and proper stakeholder outreach. CalPERS will continue to check the materiality of the difference in calculation until such time as they have changed their methodology.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

## NOTE 6 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (concluded)

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation
Global Equity	50%
Fixed Income	28%
Inflation Assets	0%
Private Equity	8%
Real Assets	13%
Liquidity	1%
Total	<u>    100% </u>

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate -The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	All Plans
1% Decrease	6.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$8,882,665
Current Discount Rate	7.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$4,994,361
1% Increase	8.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$1,799,426

*Expected Average Remaining Service Lives (EARSL)* - The expected average remaining service lifetime (EARSL) is calculated by dividing the total future service years by the total number of plan participants (active, inactive, and retired) in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan (PERF C).

The EARSL for PERF C for the measurement period ending June 30, 2021, is 3.7 years, which was obtained by dividing the total service years of 561,622 (the sum of remaining service lifetimes of the active employees) by 150,648 (the total number of participants: active, inactive, and retired) in PERF C. Inactive employees and retirees have remaining service lifetimes equal to 0. Total future service is based on the members' probability of decrementing due to an event other than receiving a cash refund.

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

#### NOTE 7 - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN RETIREMENT

#### Plan Description

The District defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan provides medical benefits to eligible District employees who retire from the District at age 50 or older for Safety employees and age 55 or older for Miscellaneous employees; and are eligible for a CalPERS pension.

The District provides health care for employees and dependents (and also for retirees and their dependents) in accordance with the California Public Employees Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA), more commonly referred to as PERS Health. Employees and retirees may choose a more expensive coverage but they must pay any premiums in excess of the cap.

#### NOTE 7 - <u>POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN RETIREMENT</u> (concluded)

#### Funding Policy

There is no statutory requirement for the District to prefund its OPEB obligation. The District currently pays for retiree healthcare benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. There are no employee contributions.

#### Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2020 (the census date), the benefit terms covered the following employees:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments:	23
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payment:	0
Active plan members:	18

#### Contributions

The District establishes rates based on an actuarially determined rate.

For the year ended June 30, 2021 the District's expected contribution rate is 17.19% of coveredemployee payroll. Employees pay the difference between the benefit they receive and the monthly premium.

#### Net OPEB Liability

The District's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation: 2.5% Salary increases: Aggregate salary increases 3.00%. Individual salary increases based on CaIPERS. Investment rate of return: 6.4% Healthcare cost trend rates: 5.80% per year in 2021 fluctuating down to 3.9%. Mortality rates were based on CaIPERS tables.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.7%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the District contribution will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to cover all future OPEB payments. Therefore, the discount rate was set equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

## NOTE 7 - <u>POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN RETIREMENT</u> (continued)

## Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	Increases (Decreases)										
		tal OPEB ₋iability (a)		n Fiduciary et Position (b)	N	let OPEB Liability (c)					
Service cost	\$	264,968	\$	-	\$	264,968					
Interest		488,963		-		488,963					
Net investment income		-		351,499		(351,499)					
Contributions		-		645,792		(645,792)					
Differences between expected and											
actual experience		(533,052)		-		(533,052)					
Change of assumptions		455,051		-		455,051					
Benefits payments, including refunds of											
employee contributions		(437,796)		(437,796)		-					
Administrative expenses		-		(655)		655					
Net change in total OPEB liability		238,134		558,840		(320,706)					
Total OPEB liability – beginning of year		7,476,442		1,787,936		5,688,506					
Total OPEB liability – end of year	\$	7,714,576	\$	2,346,776	\$	5,367,800					

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (4.70%) or one percentage point higher (6.70%) follows:

	Plan's Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	
1% Decrease (4.70%)	Current Discount Rate (5.70%)	1% Increase (6.70%)
\$ 6,412,780	\$ 5,367,800	\$ 4,514,565

<u>Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates</u> The net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (4.80%) or one percentage point higher (6.80%) than current healthcare cost trend rates follows:

	Plan's Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	
1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
4.80% decreasing to 2.9%	5.80% decreasing to 3.9%	6.80% decreasing to 4.9%
\$ 4,450,512	\$ 5,367,800	\$ 6,512,219

OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized an OPEB expense of \$546,338. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

## NOTE 7 - <u>POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN RETIREMENT</u> (concluded)

	-	Deferred Dutflows of Resources	l	Deferred nflows of esources
OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	614,276	\$	-
Differences between actual and expected experience		-		828,222
Changes in assumptions		606,145		216,256
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		-		146,593
Changes in employer's proportion and differences between the employers contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions		_		-
Total	\$	1,220,421	\$	1,191,071

\$614,276 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

1)
i0)
'8)
94)
'1)
32)
)

#### NOTE 8 - INSURANCE COVERAGE

The District contracts for Public Liability and Property Damage insurance with Northern California Fire District Association and is covered for Worker's Compensation through FDAC-FASIS (Fire District's Association of California-Fire Association Self-Insurance System) a self-insured pooling program. Participation in this program is exercised through a joint powers agreement. Premiums for both these programs are based on a combination of potential loss exposure (risk) and prior period loss experience.

The specific insurance coverage and loss exposures for contracts currently in force appear to adequately cover potential losses.

#### NOTE 9 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District is involved in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the District.

#### NOTE 10 - DEVELOPMENT FEES

On December 13, 1988, the El Dorado County Board of Supervisors adopted ORDINANCE NO. 3991 establishing procedures and requirements for fire service fees for new development within the County pursuant to AB 1600. On November 17, 1991, the Board adopted RESOLUTION 368-91 establishing the fees for the District at \$295 per residential unit; \$.16/sq.ft for non-sprinklered commercial, industrial units; and \$.08\sq.ft. for sprinklered commercial, industrial units.

On February 10, 2016, the District's Board of Directors approved by resolution 2016.02, a change in the development fees charged. The fee schedule at the beginning of the year was as follows:

Residential dwelling unit @ \$1.07 per square foot of living area Commercial @ \$1.47 per square foot of construction Industrial @ 1.36 per square foot of construction Office @ \$1.79 per square foot of construction Unoccupied Ag @ \$.65 per square foot of construction

On June 9, 2010, the District's Board of Directors approved resolution 2010.08 increasing the above noted Development Impact fees. The plan was forwarded to the El Dorado County Administrator's office on June 14, 2010. The El Dorado County Board of Supervisors at its August 2, 2011, meeting denied the adoption of the resolution to increase the Development Fees and directed staff to return in 90 days with recommendations to incorporate consistent methodology among all districts. To date the District has not been advised or given any direction to resolve this matter.

#### NOTE 11 - PROPOSITION 218 DISCLOSURE

Proposition 218, which was approved by the voters in November 1996, will regulate the District's ability to impose, increase and extend taxes, assessments, and fees. Any new, increased or extended taxes, assessments, and fees subject to the provisions of Proposition 218, require voter approval before they can be implemented. Additionally, Proposition 218 provides that these taxes, assessments, and fees are subject to the voter initiative process and may be rescinded in the future by voters. The District has no taxes, assessments or fees that are subject to the provisions of Proposition 218 at this time.

#### NOTE 12 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan (the "Plan") created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, available to all full-time and permanent part-time employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years.

Under this plan, participants are not taxed on the deferred portion of the compensation until distributed to them; distributions may be made only at termination, retirement, death or in an emergency as defined by the Plan.

The laws governing deferred compensation plan assets require plan assets to be held by a Trust for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries. Since the assets held under these plans are not the District's property, are not managed by the District and are not subject to claims by general creditors of the District, they have been excluded from these financial statements. The District's contributions for the year ending June 30, 2022 were \$52,169.

#### NOTE 13 - GRANTS

Grant funds received for specific purposes may be subject to audit by the grantor agencies.

#### NOTE 14 - NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES

GASB Statement No. 34 added the concept of Net Position, which is measured on the full accrual basis, to the concept of Fund Balance, which is measured on the modified accrual basis.

#### A. <u>Net Position</u>

Net position is the excess of all the District's assets over all its liabilities, regardless of fund. Net position is divided into three captions under GASB Statement No. 34. These captions apply only to net position, which is determined only at the Government-wide level, and are described below:

*Net investment in Capital Assets* describes the portion of net position that is represented by the current net book value of the District's capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued to finance these assets.

*Restricted* describes the portion of net position that is restricted as to use by the terms and conditions of agreements with outside parties, governmental regulations, laws, or other restrictions that the District cannot unilaterally alter. These include amounts for debt service requirements.

Unrestricted describes the portion of net position that is not restricted to use.

#### B. Fund Balances

The accompanying basic financial statements reflect certain changes that have been made with respect to the reporting of the components of Fund Balances for governmental funds. In previous years, fund balances for governmental funds were reported in accordance with previous standards that included components for reserved fund balance, unreserved fund balance, designated fund balance, and undesignated fund balance. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 54, the components of the fund balances of governmental funds now reflect the component classifications described below. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund balances are reported in the following classifications:

*Nonspendable* fund balance includes amounts that are not in a spendable form, such as prepaid items or supplies inventories, or that are legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as principal endowments.

*Restricted* fund balance includes amounts that are subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions imposed by outside parties (i.e., creditors, grantors, contributors) or that are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

*Committed* fund balance includes amounts whose use is constrained by specific limitations that the government imposes upon itself, as determined by a formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Directors serves as the District's highest level of decision-making authority and has the authority to establish, modify or rescind a fund balance commitment via minutes action.

*Assigned* fund balance includes amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes, subject to change, as established either directly by the Board of Directors or by management officials to whom assignment authority has been delegated by the Board of Directors.

*Unassigned* fund balance is the residual classification that includes spendable amounts in the General Fund that are available for any purpose.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) fund balances are available, the District specifies that restricted revenues will be applied first. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the District's policy is to apply committed fund balance first, then assigned fund balance, and finally unassigned fund balance.

## NOTE 15 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In preparing these financial statements, the District has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through the date the financial statements were issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## Diamond Springs/El Dorado Fire Protection District GENERAL FUND <u>STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES</u> <u>AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES</u> Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

	General Fund											
	Budgeteo	Variance with										
	Original	Final Budget										
Revenues:												
Property taxes	\$ 4,123,363	\$ 4,123,363	\$ 4,263,631	\$ 140,268								
Charges for services	50,000	50,000	68,902	18,902								
Other governmental agencies	1,625,000	1,625,000	1,535,702	(89,298)								
Use of money	2,500	2,500	30,651	28,151								
Miscellaneous	36,500	36,500	31,249	(5,251)								
Total revenues	5,837,363	5,837,363	5,930,135	92,772								
<b>–</b>												
Expenditures:	F 007 000		44.047.070									
Public safety - fire prevention and protection	5,837,363	5,837,363	11,647,279	(5,809,916)								
Total expenditures	5,837,363	5,837,363	11,647,279	(5,809,916)								
Evenes (definit) of revenues over (under) evenenditures			(5 747 444)	(5 747 444)								
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures			(5,717,144)	(5,717,144)								
Other Financing Sources (Uses)												
Cost of issuance	-	-	(101,578)	(101,578)								
Debt proceeds	-	-	6,312,076	6,312,076								
Total other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	-	6,210,498	6,210,498								
Net change in fund balances	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	493,354	<u>\$ 493,354</u>								
Fund balances, beginning of period			2,732,966									
Fund balances, end of period			\$ 3,226,320									
,			<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>									

## Diamond Springs/El Dorado Fire Protection District As of June 30, 2022 \*Last 7 Years\* <u>SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY</u>

Schedule of the Proportionate Share				Safety Plan			
of the Net Pension Liability (Fiscal Year End)	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Measurement Date	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.13551%	0.11390%	0.11243%	0.10970%	0.1119%	0.1124%	0.0644%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,755,562	\$ 7,587,710	\$ 7,018,696	\$ 6,554,772	\$ 5,797,591	\$ 4,631,333	\$ 4,009,033
Covered - employee payroll	\$ 2,263,214	\$ 1,901,879	\$ 2,200,462	\$ 1,653,500	\$ 1,578,143	\$ 1,000,282	\$ 1,487,551
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	210.12%	398.96%	318.96%	396.42%	367.37%	463.00%	269.51%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage							
of the total pension liability	82.54%	71.04%	71.95%	71.06%	72.24%	76.84%	79.34%
Schedule of the Proportionate Share			М	iscellaneous Pl	an		
of the Net Pension Liability (Fiscal Vear End)	2022	2021	2020	2010	2018	2017	2016

of the Net Pension Liability (Fiscal Year End)	 2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Measurement Date	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.0126%	0.0099%	0.00979%	0.0096%	0.0095%	0.0100%	0.0037%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 238,799	\$ 416,695	\$ 391,889	\$ 377,608	\$ 330,292	\$ 274,764	\$ 230,553
Covered - employee payroll	\$ 180,590	\$ 207,840	\$ 167,294	\$ 188,876	\$ 185,666	\$ 177,237	\$ 175,008
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	132.23%	200.49%	234.25%	199.92%	177.90%	155.03%	131.74%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage							
of the total pension liability	85.74%	73.72%	73.81%	71.14%	71.43%	75.08%	78.55%

\*Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

## Diamond Springs/El Dorado Fire Protection District As of June 30, 2022 \*Last 7 Years\* <u>SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS</u>

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS	Safety Plan												
(Fiscal Year End)	2022	2022 2021		2019	2018	2017	2016						
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$ 6,745,956	\$ 809,943	\$ 825,420	\$ 501,421	\$ 534,470	\$ 405,894	\$ 444,855						
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>(6,745,956)</u> \$-	(809,943) \$-	<u>(825,420)</u> <u>\$-</u>	(501,421) \$-	(534,470) <u>\$-</u>	(405,894) <u>\$-</u>	<u>(444,855</u> ) <u>\$-</u>						
Covered-employee payroll during the fiscal year Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,878,527 359.11%	\$ 1,935,821 41.84%	\$ 2,348,230 35.15%		\$ 1,518,180 35.20%	. , ,	\$ 1,518,180 29.30%						

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS	Miscellaneous Plan													
(Fiscal Year End)		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$	366,874	\$	56,723	\$	51,566	\$	38,547	\$	37,168	\$	32,902	\$	31,853
determined contributions		(366,874)		(56,723)		(51,566)		(38,547)		(37,168)		(32,902)		(31,853)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>	-	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-
Covered-employee payroll during the fiscal year Contributions as a percentage of	\$	180,630	\$	209,205	\$	180,078	\$	193,672	\$	188,876	\$	188,876	\$	188,876
covered-employee payroll		203.11%		27.11%		28.64%		19.90%		19.68%		17.42%		16.86%

\*Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

## Diamond Springs/El Dorado Fire Protection District **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** <u>SCHEDULE OF CHANGE IN THE</u> <u>NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS</u>

For the Period Ended June 30, 2022

Total OPEB Liability	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018			
Service cost	\$ 264,968	\$ 275,722	\$ 252,459	\$ 217,616	\$ 210,766			
Interest	488,963	465,661	466,151	477,988	457,281			
Change of benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-			
Difference between expected & actual experience	(533,052)		(556,192)	-	-			
Change of assumptions Benefit payments, included refunds of employee	455,051	(284,800)	279,721	47,254	-			
contributions	(437,796)	(430,147)	(406,906)	(425,638)	(308,780)			
Net change in OPEB liability	238,134	26,436	35,233	317,220	359,267			
Total OPEB liability - beginning of year	7,476,442	7,450,006	7,414,773	7,097,553	6,738,286			
Total OPEB liability - end of year	\$7,714,576	\$7,476,442	\$7,450,006	\$7,414,773	\$7,097,553			
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Net investment income	\$ 351,499	\$ 91,610	\$ 103,152	\$ (48,558)	\$ 83,090			
Contributions								
Employer	645,792	556,366	406,906	559,722	501,310			
Benefit payments, included refunds of employee contributions	(407 700)	(400 4 47)	(400,000)	(405 000)	(000 700)			
Administrative expense	(437,796) (655)	• • •	(406,906) (316)	(425,638) (2,561)	(308,780) (603)			
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	558,840	216,992	102,836	82,965	275,017			
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning of year	1,787,936	1,570,944	1,468,108	1,385,143	1,110,126			
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>					
Plan fiduciary net position - end of year	\$2,346,776	\$1,787,936	\$1,570,944	\$1,468,108	\$1,385,143			
	<u>+ _, ,</u>	<u>+ .,,. ,</u>	+ , ,	<u>+ , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,</u>	+ .,			
District's net OPEB liability - end of year	\$5,367,800	\$5,688,506	\$5,879,062	\$5,946,665	\$5,712,410			
	<u> </u>	. <u></u>	<u> </u>		. <u></u>			
Covered-employee payroll	\$2,448,939	\$2,454,707	\$2,367,756	\$2,261,573	\$2,113,003			
	ψΖ,440,939	ψΖ,434,707	φ2,307,730	ψ2,201,373	ψ∠,113,003			
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-								
employee payroll	219.19%	231.74%	248.30%	262.94%	270.35%			

Notes to Schedule:

The schedules present information to illustrate the changes in the District's net OPEB liability over a ten-year period when the information is available. The District adopted GASB 75 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018.

## Diamond Springs/El Dorado Fire Protection District **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** <u>SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB</u>

For the Period Ended June 30, 2022

	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018
Actuarial Determined Contribution	\$ 512,276	\$ 616,245	\$ 597,827	\$ 568,185	\$ 588,204
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 (614,276)	 (645,792)	 (556,366)	 (406,906)	 (559,722)
	\$ (102,000)	\$ (29,547)	\$ 41,461	\$ 161,279	\$ 28,482
Covered payroll	\$ 2,398,973	\$ 2,448,939	\$ 2,454,707	\$ 2,367,756	\$ 2,261,573
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	25.61%	26.37%	22.67%	17.19%	24.75%

Notes to Schedule:

The schedules present information to illustrate changes in the District's contributions over a ten year period when the information is available.

GASB 75 requires this information for plans funding with OPEB trusts to be reported in the employer's Required Supplemental Information for 10 years or as many years as are available upon implementation. The plan was not funded with an OPEB trust prior to June 30, 2018. The District adopted GASB 75 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018.